## Animal Ordinances Revision as of 4/11/05 passed at 4/11/05 Council Mtg.

## CITY OF BROOKLYN, OHIO

#### ORDINANCE NO. 2004-70 Amended

INTRODUCED BY: Gallagher, G.Frey, Coyne, J.Frey, Balbier, Pucci, Brown

# AMENDING CHAPTER 505 ENTITLED "ANIMALS AND FOWL" OF THE GENERAL OFFENSES OF THE CODIFIED ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF BROOKLYN, OHIO

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BROOKLYN, COUNTY OF CUYAHOGA AND STATE OF OHIO:

**SECTION 1.** That Chapter 505 of the General Offenses Code of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Brooklyn, Ohio be amended and as amended shall read as follows:

"As used in this Chapter:

#### (a) Abandon

"Abandon" shall mean for the owner, keeper or person in charge to leave any animal without demonstrated or apparent intent to recover or to resume custody; leave any animal for more than twelve hours without providing adequate food, potable drinking water and shelter for the duration of the absence; or turn out or release any animal for the purpose of causing it to be impounded.

#### (b) Animal

"Animal" means any nonhuman living vertebrate.

## (c) Domestic Animal

"Domestic Animal" means any dog, cat, fish, amphibian, reptile, bird, or mammal. "Domestic Animal" does not include any livestock, poultry, wild animals, or exotic animals.

## (d) Exotic Animal

"Exotic Animal" means each of the following animals:

## (a) Class Mammalia

# (1) Order Artiodactyla

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all antelopes, bison, camels, deer, giraffes, and hippopotamuses.

# (2) Order Carnivora

## A. Family Felidae

All species of pantera, and all felis except felis catus.

## B. Family Canidae

Coyotes, foxes, jackals, wolves.

#### C. Family Ursidae

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all species of bear.

## D. Family Mustelidare

Badgers, martins, minks, skunks, and weasels.

# E. Family Procyonidae

Coatis and raccoons.

## F. Family Hyaenidae

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all hyenas.

## (3) Order Edentatia

All species including by way of example and not by way of limitation, anteaters, armadillos, and sloths.

# (4) Order Marsupialia

Kangaroos, opossums, and wallabies.

#### (5) Order Perissodactyla

Rhinoceroses and tapirs.

## (6) Order Primates

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all chimpanzees, gorillas, lemurs, and monkeys.

## (7) Order Proboscidae

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all elephants.

## (8) Order Rodentia

Beavers, porcupines, and squirrels.

#### (b) Class Reptilia

## (1) Order Squamata

## A. Family Colubridae

African twig snakes, brown tree snakes, boomslangs, and mangrove snakes.

# B. Family Elapidae

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all cobras, coral snakes, mambas, kraits, adders, sea snakes, and all other species of the Family Elapidae as listed in "Living Snakes of the World in Color" by John M. Mehrtens, Sterling Publishing Co., Inc., 1987.

## C. Family Helodermatidae

Gila monsters and Mexican beaded lizards.

## D. Family Viperidae and Family Crotalidae

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all vipers, adders, asps, moccasins, rattlesnakes, copperheads, and all other vipers and pit vipers and pit vipers as listed in "Living Snakes of the World in Color" by John M. Mehrtens, Sterling Publishing

Co., Inc., 1987.

## E. Family Boidae

Green anacondas and yellow anacondas; Jamaican boas; African rock pythons, amethystine pythons, Boelen's pythons, Burmese pythons, Indian pythons, olive pythons, and reticulated pythons.

# F. Family Varanidae

Salvator monitor, salvadoran monitors.

## (2) Order Crocodilia

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all crocodiles, alligators, caimans, and gavials.

#### (c) Class Aves

## (1) Order Cainwarae

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all eagles, hawks, and vultures.

### (2) Order Rheiformes

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all rheas.

# (3) Order Struthioniformes

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all ostriches.

## (4) Order Casuariiformes

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all cassowaries and emus.

## (5) Order Strigiformes

All species, including by way of example and not by way of limitation, all owls.

Phylum Arthropoda

## (d) Class Arachnida

## (1) Order Scorpiones

## Family Buthidae

Arabian fat-tailed scorpion- Androctonus crassicauda Arizona centruroides scorpion- Centruroides exilicauda

Death stalker- Leiurus quinquestriatus

Egyptian yellow scorpion- Androctonus amoreuxi

Israeli black scorpion- Hottentotta judaicus

S.A. giant fat-tailed scorpion- Parabuthus tranvaalicus

Sinai desert scorpion- Androctonus bicolor

Yellow desert scorpion- Androctonus australis

## (2) Order Araneae

### A. Family Therididae

Argentina red widow spider- Latrodectus coralinus

Brown widow spider- Latrodectus geometricus

Red-black widow- Latrodectus hasselti

Red widow spider- Latrodectus mactans

Western widow- Latrodectus hesperus

#### B. Family Loxoscelidae

Brown recluse spider- Loxosceles reclusa

## (e) Class Chilopoda

## (1) Order Scolopendromorpha

## Family Scolopendridae

Amazon giant banded centipede- Scolopendra gigantea

Arizona Tiger Centipede- Scolopendra viridis

Florida Keys centipede- Scolopendra alternans

## (f) Class Chiroperta

Bats

# (g) Green Iguanas

As used in this chapter, "exotic animal" also means all species listed under the

Endangered Species Act as threatened or endangered, and shall also mean any snake, regardless of species, that grows to twelve (12) feet in length or longer, and tarantulas.

# (e) Animal Care and Control Officer

"Animal Care and Control Officer" means any individual employed, contracted, or appointed by the City to enforce ordinances and laws regulating the care and control of animals. The Animal Care and Control Officer also has a duty to educate the public regarding animal issues, including but not limited to, pet sterilization, licensing, wildlife, guardianship, and any other animal laws or issues affecting the animal population.

## (f) Animal Shelter

A place where all animals impounded by the Department of Animal Care and Control are placed for their humane care and keeping.

#### (g) Guardian/Owner

"Guardian"/"Owner" means a person who has control, custody, possession, title, or other legal interest in an animal.

## (h) Livestock/Poultry

"Livestock" means any hoofed animal, including, but not limited to horses, mules, donkeys, goats, sheep, bovine, and swine. "Poultry" includes, but is not limited to, turkey, geese, chicken, and any other wild game birds/fowl.

#### (i) Minimum Care

"Minimum care" means care sufficient to preserve the health and well-being of a domestic animal and, except for emergencies or circumstances beyond the reasonable control of the guardian, includes, but is not limited to, the following requirements:

- 1. Food of sufficient quantity and quality to allow for normal growth or maintenance of body weight.
- 2. Open or adequate access to potable water of a drinkable temperature in sufficient quantity to satisfy the animal's needs (excluding fish).
  - 3. Access to a barn, house or other enclosed structure sufficient to protect the animal from wind, rain, snow, sun or excessive heat, and which has adequate bedding to protect against cold and dampness (excluding fish).
  - 4. Veterinary care deemed necessary by a reasonably prudent person to relieve distress from injury, neglect or disease (excluding fish).
- 5. Continuous access to an area:
  - a. With adequate space for exercise necessary for the health of the animal. Inadequate space may be indicated by evidence of debility, stress or abnormal behavior patterns.
  - b. With air or water temperature suitable for the health of the animal.
  - c. With adequate ventilation or oxygenation.
    - d. With regular diurnal lighting cycles of either natural or artificial light.
    - e. Kept reasonably clean and free from excess waste or other contaminants that could affect the animal's health.
- 6. It is the responsibility of the guardian to learn what care is appropriate for the domestic animal in his or her control.

## (j) Person

"Person" means an individual, corporation, trust, partnership, association, or any other legal entity.

## (k) Physical Injury

"Physical injury" means physical trauma, impairment of condition, or pain inconsistent with reasonable handling or training techniques.

## (l) Physical Trauma

"Physical trauma" means fractures, cuts, burns, punctures, bruises, or other wounds or illnesses produced by violence or by a thermal or chemical agent.

#### (m) Possession

"Possession" means to have physical custody or to exercise dominion or control over an animal.

# (n) Serious Physical Injury

"Serious physical injury" means physical injury that creates a substantial risk of death or that causes protracted disfigurement, protracted impairment of health or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a limb or bodily organ.

## (o) Torment

"Torment" means to worry or tease an animal to such an extent that stress or abnormal behavioral patterns are evident in the animal.

## (p) Torture

"Torture" means an action taken for the primary purpose of inflicting pain.

#### (q) Wild Animal

"Wild Animal" means any mammal that is not domesticated. "Wild Animal" includes, but is not limited to, deer, raccoons, skunks, groundhogs, and other wild game and mammals.

#### 505.01 Animal Care and Control Officer

- (a) <u>Appointment</u> An Animal Care and Control Officer shall be employed, contracted, or appointed by the Mayor. The selection shall be based on interest in animal care and control and knowledge of same.
- (b) <u>Employment Standards</u> The minimum employment standards relative to the recruitment, selection, and appointment of animal care and control officers are as follows:
  - (1) The Animal Care and Control Officer shall have appropriate educational, mental and moral fitness.
    - (2) A minimum course of study of not less than 40 instructional hours including, but not limited to, enforcement, animal husbandry, euthanasia, and any other topics deemed necessary for the effective care and control of animals.
    - (3) Subdivision (b) shall not apply if the animal care and control officer is a police officer or has served at least 3 years as an animal control officer.
  - (4) The Animal Care and Control Officer shall have completed Ohio Humane Agent's Training within one year of appointment.
- (c) <u>Powers and Duties</u> The Animal Care and Control Officer shall have the following powers and duties:
  - (1) To enforce the provisions of this Chapter of the Codified Ordinances; to file in his or her official capacity, such complaints in any court of competent jurisdiction as may be necessary and proper to secure such enforcement: and to institute and otherwise participate in such other action and proceedings before any court, officer or other public body of competent jurisdiction as may be instrumental in enforcing the provisions of this Chapter.
  - (2) To impound any animal found within the City violating any provisions or prohibitions of this Chapter, or which are victims of any such violations;
  - (3) To dispose of such animals in the manner provided by ordinance or by general law; and
  - (4) To receive and investigate complaints of alleged violations of the prohibitions of this Chapter.
  - (5) The Animal Care and Control Officer shall be provided with a badge designating his or her office, and such other uniform, vehicles and equipment necessary to carry out his or her duties; however, any vehicle used for picking up and impounding animals, livestock or poultry shall be clearly marked on both sides with the following: "Animal Care and Control".

- (6) In the exercise of his or her duties, the Animal Care and Control Officer is hereby authorized to issue, on a form provided by the City, a citation to any person found by him or her to be in violation of this chapter.
- (7) The Animal Care and Control Officer is encouraged to attend classes, seminars, or instructional courses related to the animal profession each year to ensure continuing education and awareness of current animal issues relative to the position.
- (8) The Animal Care and Control Officer shall have specified public hours during the normal business week. The Director of Public Safety shall make certain there is an Animal Care and Control Officer, Police Officer, or other proper authority, available on-call 24-hours a day for enforcement of this Chapter.
- (9) The Animal Care and Control Officer has a duty to educate the public, including, but not limited to, pet sterilization, licensing, wildlife, guardianship, and any other animal laws or issues affecting the animal population.
- (10) The Animal Care and Control Officer has a duty, during the course of performing his or her duties, to report any cases of suspected child abuse or suspected domestic violence.
- (11) Enforcement of this Chapter is not limited to the Animal Care and Control Officer. Police Officers, humane agents, or any other entity with the proper authority can enforce the provisions of this Chapter and applicable State Laws.
- (12) Upon conviction of any of the offenses set forth in this chapter, the Animal Care and Control Officer shall recommend to the court, when applicable, that the offender be subject to community service, evaluation and treatment, forfeiture of all legal interest in the animal, reimbursement of costs, restrictions on future possession of any animal, and restitution.
- (13) The Animal Care and Control Officer shall be subject to the same care and humane standards as set forth in this Chapter.
- (14) The Animal Care and Control Officer will be under the direction of the Director of Public Safety.
- (15) The Animal Care and Control Officer shall maintain written records of the citations written under this Chapter, Animal Care and Control Calls for service, the total number of dogs and cats under 6 months of age, the total number of dogs and cats 6 months of age or older, and any other domestic animal received, returned to owners, adopted to new owners, sold, or transferred with or without remuneration to any person, the number of adopted dogs and cats that were altered, the number of dogs and cats that were not altered, and the number of dogs, cats, and other domestic animals euthanized. This report shall be available monthly, and the Animal Care and Control Officer shall provide a copy
- of the annual statistics to the Mayor and City Council, by January 31 of the year following the year for which the statistics were compiled.
- (16) Sufficient funds shall be appropriated in each annual budget of the City for personnel, a badge and uniform, vehicles and any other equipment necessary to carry out the duties of the Animal Care and Control Officer. Sufficient funds shall also be appropriated, when available, for education of the Animal Care and Control Officer(s) and the public.

#### 505.02 Animal Abandonment

- (a) A person commits the crime of animal abandonment if the person intentionally, purposely, knowingly, recklessly or with criminal negligence leaves a domestic animal at a location permanently or temporarily without providing for the animal's continued care. As used in this section, "temporarily" means leaving an animal at a location, other than the owner's home or residence, for longer than thirty (30) minutes without providing for the animal's continued care.
- (b) Animal Abandonment is a misdemeanor of the first degree.
  - (c) Each act in violation of subsection (a) shall constitute a separate offense.

## 505.03 Animal Care Standards; Animal Neglect

- (a) A person commits the crime of Animal Neglect in the Second Degree if, except as otherwise authorized by law, the person intentionally, purposely, knowingly, recklessly or with criminal negligence fails to provide minimum care for a domestic animal in the person's possession.
- (b) Animal Neglect in the Second Degree is a misdemeanor of the second degree.
- (c) Each act or omission in violation of subsection (a) shall constitute a separate offense.
- (d) A person commits the crime of Animal Neglect in the First Degree if, except as otherwise authorized by law, the person intentionally, purposely, knowingly, recklessly or with criminal negligence fails to provide minimum care for a domestic animal in the person's possession; and the failure to provide care results in serious physical injury to the animal; or fails to provide minimum care for a domestic animal in the person's possession; and the failure to provide care results in the death of the animal.
- (e) Animal Neglect in the First Degree is a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- (f) Each act or omission in violation of subsection (d) shall constitute a separate offense.
- (g) In addition to providing minimum care for a domestic animal, a person in possession of a domestic animal shall provide:
- (1) <u>Proper Food</u> All domestic animals shall be provided with wholesome and appropriate food, which is free from contamination, of adequate nutritive value and in sufficient quantity to maintain good health. All food receptacles shall be kept clean and sanitary. Outdoor receptacles used to store food shall be kept securely covered. The owner or custodian shall ensure that each animal receives sufficient food.
- (2) <u>Proper Drink</u> All domestic animals shall have available clean, drinkable water (except fish). Domestic animals which are being transported shall be provided water as often as necessary for their health and comfort. All water receptacles shall be kept clean and sanitary, be of appropriate design and size for the animal and be positioned or affixed to prevent spillage.

## (3) Proper Space

- A. Domestic animals shall be able to stand to their full height, stretch out, turn around and lie down in areas which are sanitary and which allow for a free flow of fresh air (except fish).
- B. Domestic animals shall be allowed to exercise and have freedom of movement as necessary to reduce stress and maintain good physical condition. Said space shall be kept free of standing water, mud, accumulated waste and debris (except fish).

- C. Dogs and cats shall not be caged, except for transport, temporary confinement or as prescribed by a veterinarian. Dogs and cats kept in cages for the aforementioned reasons shall be removed and exercised as to maintain proper health. Cats shall be provided with litter pans and litter material which shall be changed as necessary to prevent odor and accumulation of urine and fecal matter.
- D. Small caged mammals and rodents, such as guinea pigs, rabbits, and hamsters shall be maintained in cages that are of a size sufficient to permit burrowing, hiding or nesting, and which allow necessary space for the animal to exercise.
- E. (1) Dogs continuously maintained on a restrictive chain, rope, or other kind of tether shall be deemed to be improperly confined. However, tethering may be acceptable in certain cases where adequate daily socialization and exercise off the tether have been afforded and verified. If a dog is confined on a tether, excepting periods of time that are brief and incidental, the tether shall be at least twenty feet in length and positioned to prevent tangling and hanging.
  - (2) The tether must be of proper weight for the dog's size to allow for the provisions set forth in section (3)(E) hereof. Logging chains are prohibited for any dog. The tethered dog shall wear a properly fitted harness or buckle-type collar and be released from the tether at least twice daily for adequate exercise. A choker-chain on the neck of a tethered dog is prohibited. No other animal shall be tethered unless under the supervision of a custodian capable of handling the animal. Collars, harnesses, halters and the like shall be properly fitted to prevent discomfort or injury.
- (4) <u>Proper Light</u> Domestic animals shall have adequate light each day, except if in hibernation or pursuant to veterinarian advice. Animals shall not be subjected to excessive amounts of illumination which result in conditions detrimental to the health of the animals.

## (5) Proper Shelter

- A. Indoor facilities shall be adequately ventilated by natural or mechanical means to prevent extreme temperatures, provide fresh air and minimize drafts, odors and moisture condensation (excluding fish).
  - B. Domestic animals kept outdoors shall have access to shelter that provides protection from inclement weather conditions and which shall be appropriately constructed given the species of the domestic animal, its age and its physical condition.
- C. Domestic animals shall have access to shade from the sun during hot weather (excludes fish).
  - D. Proper outdoor shelter for a dog shall be made of durable material with a solid, moistureproof floor. The floor shall be solid, level and raised at least two inches from the ground with adequate bedding to protect against cold and dampness. A bedding of straw or similar matter, that remains dry, must be utilized. The structure shall have a roof, enclosed sides, and a doorway. The shelter shall also be a structurally sound, weatherproof enclosure that is moisture-resistant and wind-resistant, of suitable size to accommodate movement and simultaneously facilitate the preservation of body heat of the animal. The entrance shall be covered with a flexible windproof plastic, a selfclosing door, or have a baffle. A garage, shed or other structure, not designated and built specifically for an animal, shall not be considered suitable housing. Food of sufficient quantity and quality to allow the normal maintenance of the animal's body must be provided. Water must be open or adequate access to potable water of a drinkable temperature in sufficient quantity to satisfy the animal's needs must be provided. The Animal Control Officer or any other agent has discretion to warn the owner, and to provide the opportunity to remedy the violation within twenty-four (24) hours.

- (6) <u>Necessary Veterinary Care</u> Owners or caretakers of domestic animals which exhibit signs of disease or severe parasitic infestation, infection, orificial discharge, loss of appetite, weight loss, abnormal skin conditions or hair loss, tremors, temperature fluctuation, inability to bear weight on a limb, lameness or any other such sign of illness or injury, shall provide veterinary care.
- (h) Whoever violates subsection (g) is guilty of neglect of animals, which is a misdemeanor in the second degree.
- (i) Each act in violation of subsection (g) shall constitute a separate offense.

## 505.04 Animal Abuse/Animal Cruelty

- (a) A person commits the crime of animal abuse if, except as otherwise authorized by law, the person intentionally, purposely, knowingly, recklessly or with criminal negligence causes physical injury to a domestic animal, causes physical trauma to a domestic animal, causes serious physical injury to a domestic animal, causes the death of the domestic animal, tortures a domestic animal, kills a domestic animal under circumstances demonstrating malice aforethought, administers poison to a domestic animal, or places any poisonous or hazardous food, drink or other substance where it may be easily found and ingested by a domestic animal, either upon his own lands or the lands of another.
- (b) Animal Abuse is a misdemeanor of the first degree.
  - (c) Each act in violation of subsection (a) shall constitute a separate offense.
  - (d) No domestic animal shall be subject to unnecessary suffering or cruelty. Unnecessary suffering or cruelty may be defined, but is not limited to, failing to provide a domestic animal with minimum care.
  - (e) No animal may be induced or encouraged to perform any behavior through the use of chemical, mechanical, electrical, or manual devices in a manner which will cause or is likely to cause physical injury or suffering.
- (f) Whoever is found guilty of causing an animal unnecessary suffering or cruelty is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.
  - (g) Each act in violation of subsection (d) shall constitute a separate offense.
  - (h) A person guilty of "Cruelty to Animals" as defined in Ohio Revised Code Section 959.13 or "Cruelty to Companion Animals" as defined in Ohio Revised Code Section 959.131 may be charged under applicable State Law.

### 505.05 Protection of Animals in Motor Vehicles

- (a) It shall be unlawful to transport a dog in a motor vehicle upon any street within the City unless the dog is fully enclosed within the motor vehicle so as to prevent the dog from falling, jumping or being thrown from the motor vehicle. A dog cannot be transported in the back of a pick-up truck unless safely secured.
- (b) No dog or other domestic animal shall be left completely enclosed in a parked vehicle without adequate ventilation, or in such a way as to subject the animal to extreme temperatures which may adversely affect the animal's health and welfare.

- (c) Whoever violates subsection (a) or (b) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If the offender has been previously convicted of violating this section, any subsequent violation is a misdemeanor of the third degree.
- (c) If reasonable attempts to locate the vehicle owner fail, any law enforcement officer or animal control officer may take action necessary to rescue the confined animal if conditions are hazardous to the health of the animal. The owner, keeper, or person in charge of the animal will be liable for all reasonable and necessary impoundment, boarding and medical fees. No officer or agent taking action under this section shall be liable for damages necessary to rescue the confined animal.

# 505.06 Failure of a Motorist to Report an Injured Animal; Report of Rabid Animals; Making False Reports Prohibited; Interfering With an Agent

- (a) A person commits the crime of Failure of a Motorist to Report an Injured Animal if the person, while operating a motor vehicle, knowingly injures a domestic animal or a deer and does not report the injured animal to the Police Department or the Animal Care and Control Officer.
- (b) Failure of a Motorist to Report an Injured Animal is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If the offender has been previously convicted of violating this section, any subsequent violation is a misdemeanor of the third degree.
  - (c) A person or veterinarian who has reason to believe an animal has rabies, symptoms of rabies, or other diseases communicable to persons shall report this fact immediately to the Animal Care and Control Officer or the Director of Public Safety.
  - (d) It is unlawful for any person to make a false report to a peace officer or an animal care and control officer regarding any animal or regarding any supposed violation of this Chapter.
  - (e) Whoever violates subsections (c) or (d) of this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the offender has been previously convicted of violating subsections (c) or (d), any subsequent violation of subsection (c) or (d) is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.
  - (f) A person commits an offense if he interferes with, hinders, or molests any agent of animal services in the performance of official duties.
  - (g) Whoever violates section (f) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.

#### 505.07 Prohibition of Animals in the Furtherance of Criminal Activity

- (a) No person shall intentionally, purposely, knowingly, recklessly, or with criminal negligence use an animal in the furtherance of criminal activities. The furtherance of criminal activity includes, but is not limited to: animal fighting, gambling, protection, gang activity, or using an animal as a weapon or threat.
- (b) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.
  - (c) Each act in violation of subsection (a) shall constitute a separate offense.

## 505.08 Animal Fighting

(a) No person shall cause, sponsor, arrange, hold, or encourage any animal to fight, menace or injure another animal for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain.

- (b) For the purposes of this section, a person encourages an animal to fight, menace or injure another animal for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain, if the person:
  - (1) Is knowingly present at or wagers on such an occurrence of fighting, menacing or injuring for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain;
  - (2) Owns, trains, transports, possesses, breeds, or equips an animal with the intent that such animal will be engaged in such an occurrence of fighting, menacing or injuring for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain;
    - (3) Knowingly allows any such an occurrence of fighting, menacing or injuring for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain to occur

on any property owned or controlled by the person;

- (4) Knowingly allows any animal used for such an occurrence of fighting, menacing or injuring for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain to be kept, boarded, housed, or trained on, or transported in, any property owned and controlled by the person;
- (5) Knowingly uses any means of communication for the purpose of promoting such an occurrence of fighting, menacing or injuring for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain; or
- (6) Knowingly possesses any animal used for fighting, menacing, or injuring for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain; or any device intended to enhance the animal's fighting, menacing or injuring ability for the purpose of sport, amusement, or pecuniary gain.
- (c) Each act or omission in violation of subsection (a) shall constitute a separate offense.
- (d) Animal Fighting is a misdemeanor of the first degree.
  - (e) This section does not regulate fighting between dogs as prohibited under the State Code (Ohio Revised Code Chapter 959).

### 505.09 Certain Animals Prohibited

- (a) Ownership of live livestock, poultry, wild animals, or exotic animals is prohibited within the municipality.
- (b) Whoever violates subsection (a) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.
  - (c) Section (a) does not apply to any of the following: any licensed: animal shelter, zoo, circus, menagerie, humane agency, a licensed veterinary hospital or clinic, a licensed or accredited research or medical facility, a licensed or accredited educational institution, including museums, a facility licensed as an exhibitor or breeder by the United States Department of Agriculture under the Animal Welfare Act, a person licensed as a wildlife rehabilitator pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code Section 1501:31-25-03, a person temporarily transporting an animal through the City if the transit time is not more than 24 hours and the animal is at all times maintained within a confinement sufficient to prevent escape, or a person who obtains a permit and/or license from the Director of Public Safety, subject to compliance with the agreement and/or regulations set forth by the Director.

### 505.10 Annual Registration of Dogs; Tags Required

(a) No owner, keeper or harborer of a dog more than three months of age, shall fail to file an application for registration or pay a registration fee to the County Auditor as required by O.R.C. 955.01.

- (b) Guide, leader, hearing, or support dogs shall have access to free permanent registration per O.R.C. 955.011. Law enforcement canines shall be registered pursuant to O.R.C. 955.012.
- (c) Subsection (a) shall not apply to dogs kept by an institution or organization for teaching and research purposes under O.R.C.955.16, nor shall it apply to non-profit animal shelters that keep or harbor a dog more than 3 months of age under O.R.C. 955.01.
- (d) No owner of a dog, except a dog constantly confined to a registered kennel, shall fail to require the dog to wear, at all times, a valid tag issued in connection with a certificate of registration. A dog's failure at any time to wear a valid tag shall be prima-facie evidence of a lack of registration and shall subject that dog to impoundment. The owner will be able to rebut that presumption by proof of registration.
- (e) Whoever violates subsection (a) is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.

# 505.11 Animals Running at Large; Animal Owner Liable for Damage to Public or Private Property; Nuisance Conditions

- (a) No person being the owner or having charge of a domestic animal of any kind shall allow or permit such animal to run at large upon any public place or upon the premises of another.
- (b) No person who is the owner or in charge or control of any dog or cat, whether wearing a registration tag or not, shall permit such dog or cat to run at large within the City. Unauthorized entry by such dog or cat, upon the premises of another or upon any public street or ground shall constitute "running at large" within the meaning of this section.
- (c) No person who is the owner or in charge of any dog shall permit such dog to remain upon any public street or ground within the City except when accompanied by a responsible person, and upon a leash as to prevent such dog from entering private property and from chasing or attacking any person, animal, or vehicle. Any dog not properly on a leash will be considered "at large" and in violation of this section.
- (d) The owner, keeper or harborer of a domestic animal who permit it to run at large in violation of this section shall, in addition to the penalty provided in subsection (i) hereof, the owner of the animal will be liable for all damage or destruction to the owner or occupant of the damaged property for the full value of the damage or destruction.
  - (e) Any land which is enclosed with invisible fencing must have its boundary no less than 6 feet from public property. (The public is encouraged, but not required to post signs regarding invisible fencing).
  - (f) No owner of any domestic animal shall permit such animal to dig or defecate upon, or otherwise damage or destroy any public or private property that is not the property of the domestic animal's owner (providing the owner of the domestic animal complies with Section 505.11(g)), without immediately removing all feces deposited, and disposing of it in a safe and sanitary manner. The owner of a guide, leader or support dog shall be exempt from preventing such animal from defecating or digging on public or private property, as well as any other exceptions applicable under Federal Regulations.

- (g) No person shall keep or harbor any domestic animal in the Municipality so as to create noxious, or offensive odors, or unsanitary conditions which are a menace to the health, comfort or safety of the public.
- (h) No person shall keep or harbor and domestic animal within the Municipality which by frequent and habitual barking, howling or yelping, creates unreasonably loud and disturbing noises of such a character, intensity, and duration as to disturb the peace, quiet and good order of the Municipality. Any person who shall allow any dog habitually to remain, be lodged or fed within any dwelling, building, yard or enclosure, which he occupies or owns, shall be considered as harboring such dog.
- (i) Whoever violates any provision of this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor for a first offense. Whoever violates this section in a second or subsequent offense shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

## 505.12 Proper Confinement of Cats and Dogs in Heat Required

- (a) The owner of any female dog or cat shall, during the period that such animal is in heat, keep it securely confined and enclosed within a building, except when out upon such owner's property briefly for toilet purposes and while in the presence of the owner or the owner's agent.
- (b) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor for the first offense. A second conviction under this section is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. A third conviction under this section is a misdemeanor of the third degree. A separate offense shall be deemed committed each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues.

## 505.13 Mandatory Sterilization of All Free-Roaming Cats

- (a) The owner of any domestic cat shall not allow the cat to free-roam.
  - (b) Any cat found roaming shall be prima-facie evidence of a free-roaming cat that may be sterilized by the City at the owner's expense.
- (c) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the offender has been previously convicted of violating this section, any subsequent violation is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

## 505.14 Cat, Dog or Bird Breeding Permit; Dog and Cat Kennels

- (a) Any person owning or having control, charge or possession of any cat, dog or bird for breeding purposes shall secure a cat, dog or bird breeding permit upon compliance with all zoning codes, sanitary conditions, and inspection(s) by the Animal Care and Control Officer.
  - (b) Any person who owns or controls any dogs or cats, male or female, kept mainly for breeding purposes, shall obtain a kennel permit upon compliance with all zoning codes, sanitary conditions, and inspection(s) by the Animal Care and control officer.
- (c) Whoever violates the provisions set forth in this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If the offender has been previously convicted of violating this section, any subsequent violation is a misdemeanor of the third degree.

## 505.15 Report of Escape of Exotic or Dangerous Animal

(a) The owner or keeper of any member of a species of the animal kingdom that escapes from his custody or control and that is not indigenous to this State or presents a risk of serious physical

harm to persons or property, or both, shall, within one hour after he discovers or reasonable should have discovered the escape, report it to:

- (1) A law enforcement officer of the Municipality and the County Sheriff; and
- (2) The Clerk of Council.
- (b) If the office of the Clerk of Council is closed to the public at the time a report is required by division (a) of this section, then it is sufficient compliance with division (a)(2) of this section if the owner or keeper makes the report within one hour after the office is next open to the public.
- (c) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. (Ohio Revised Code Section 2927.21)

## 505.16 Animal Prohibited in City Playgrounds, Ballfields, Tennis Courts, and Memorial Park

- (a) No domestic animal (except birds) shall enter any play apparatus in any City owned playground, City owned baseball or softball field, City owned football field, City owned tennis court, City owned basketball court, City owned skate park or City owned Memorial Park. This section does not apply to Marquardt Park in that dogs are permitted on a leash in said Park, providing the owner complies with all other applicable provisions in Chapter 505.
- (b) An owner of a domestic animal that violates section (a) is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the offender has been previously convicted of violating this section, any subsequent violation is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.
- (c) This section does not apply to guide, leader, hearing, or support dogs in accordance with Federal Regulations.

## 505.17 Rabies Vaccination of Dogs and Cats Required

- (a) Any person owning, keeping or harboring a dog or cat over the age of three months shall have such animal currently immunized against rabies by a licensed veterinarian.
- (b) All owners or keepers of a dog or cat as described in subsection (a) hereof shall maintain a record of such immunization as provided by the veterinarian. Such persons shall provide said proof of immunization to any Animal Care and Control Officer, Law Enforcement Officer, or any other agency with proper authority so inquiring.
- (c) Whoever violates subsection (a) hereof is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. Whoever violates subsection (b) hereof is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.

## 505.18 Animal Bites; Reports and Quarantine

(a) Whenever any person is bitten by a dog or other animal, report of such bite shall be made to the Animal Care and Control Officer within twenty-four hours of the incident. The animal shall then be quarantined under an order of the Animal Care and Control Officer. The animal shall be quarantined by its owner or harborer, or shall be quarantined in a pound or kennel, if possible. In all cases, such quarantine shall be under the supervision of the Director of Public Safety and shall be at the expense of the owner or harborer. Quarantine shall continue until the Director of Public Safety determines that the animal is not afflicted with rabies. The quarantine period hereby required shall not be less than ten days from

the day on which the person was bitten. If at any time during the quarantine, the Director of Public Safety requires the animal to be examined for symptoms of rabies, then the examination shall be by a licensed veterinarian. The veterinarian shall report the Director of Public Safety the

conclusions reached as a result of the examination. The examination by a veterinarian shall be at the expense of the owner or harborer. No animal shall be released from the required quarantine unless and until it has been properly vaccinated against rabies or until proof of a current rabies vaccination has been provided.

No person shall fail to comply with the requirements of this section or with any order of the Director of Public Safety or the Animal Care and Control Officer made pursuant thereto, nor fail to immediately report to the Director of Public Safety any symptoms or behavior suggestive of rabies.

(b) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

#### 505.19 Bird Sanctuary

- (a) The entire corporate area of the City is hereby designated as a bird sanctuary. No person shall intentionally hunt, trap or molest in any manner any bird or wild fowl or rob the nest of any bird or wild fowl.
- (b) Whoever violates section (a) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of violating this section, any subsequent violation is a misdemeanor of the third degree.

## 505.20 Euthanasia Procedures

- (a) Unless otherwise authorized by law, sodium pentobarbital and such other agents as may be specifically approved by the rules of the board of veterinary medicine shall be the only methods used for euthanasia of an animal. A lethal solution shall be used in the following order of preference:
- (1) Intravenous injection by hypodermic needle;
- (2) Intraperitoneal injection by hypodermic needle;
  - (3) Intracardial injection by hypodermic needle, but only if performed on heavily sedated, anesthetized or comatose animals; or
- (4) Solution or powder added to food.
- (b) An animal may be tranquilized with an approved and humane substance before euthanasia is performed.
- (c) Succinylcholine chloride, curare, curariform mixtures, strychnine, nicotine, chloral hydrate, magnesium or potassium or any substance which acts as a neuromuscular blocking agent, or any chamber which causes a change in body oxygen may not be used on any animal for the purpose of euthanasia.
- (d) Euthanasia shall be performed only by a licensed veterinarian, veterinarian medical technician or an employee or agent of a public or private agency, animal shelter or other animal care facility, provided that the veterinarian medical technician, employee or agent has successfully completed a euthanasia-technician certification course. The curriculum for such course must be approved by the board of veterinary medical examiners and must include, at a minimum, knowledge of animal anatomy, behavior and physiology; animal restraint and handling as it pertains to euthanasia; the pharmacology, proper dosages, administration techniques of euthanasia solution, verification of death techniques, laws regulating the storage, security and accountability of euthanasia solutions; euthanasia technician stress management and the proper disposal of euthanized animals.
- (e) An animal may not be left unattended between the time euthanasia procedures are first begun and the time that death occurs, nor may its body be disposed of until a qualified person confirms death.

- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any other law to the contrary, whenever an emergency situation exists which requires the immediate euthanasia of an injured, dangerous or severely diseased animal, a peace officer, veterinarian, special humane agent, or the designee of such, may humanely destroy the animal.
- (g) Any violation of this act is a misdemeanor in the first degree.
  - (h) Each act or omission in violation of this act shall constitute a separate offense.

## 505.21 Giving Animals as Prizes

- (a) No person shall give away any live vertebrate animal as a prize for, or as an inducement to enter any contest, game, or other competition, or as an inducement to enter a place of amusement; or offer any vertebrae animal as an incentive to enter into any business agreement in which the offer was for the purpose of attracting trade.
- (b) As used in this section, "vertebrate animal" means any fish, amphibian, reptile, bird or mammal.
- (c) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the offender has been previously been convicted of violating this section, any subsequent violation is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

## 505.22 Hunting and Trapping Prohibited

- (a) <u>Hunting Prohibited</u> The hunting of animals or birds within the Municipality is prohibited. No person shall hunt, kill or attempt to kill an animal by the use of firearms, bow hunting, trapping or any other method.
- (b) <u>Trapping</u> The trapping of animals or birds within the Municipality is prohibited by all persons except the Animal Care and Control Officer or wildlife removal and control services that resident's privately contract, providing that the wildlife removal and control service shall only use humane methods/traps, where possible, that are not dangerous to the life or limb of animals to be trapped, or any persons who have any possibility of coming into contact with such traps. Any use of firearms is strictly prohibited. Wildlife remove and control services comply with Section 505.20 of this ordinance and keep current records on animals destroyed and are required to produce said records on demand by any Police Officer, Humane Agent, or Animal Control Officer.
  - (d) <u>Trapshooting</u> Live birds or fowl shall not be used as targets in trapshooting.
- (e) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If the offender has been previously convicted of violating this section, any subsequent violation is a misdemeanor of the third degree.

#### 505.23 Impounding

- (a) Subject to constitution or statutory restrictions governing search and seizure:
  - (1) The Animal Care and Control Officer shall take up and impound every animal found in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, in addition to the other applicable penalties for such violation.
  - (2) The Animal Care and Control Officer may take up and impound any animal found to be creating a serious and imminent risk of physical harm to a person.

- (3) If a person is subject to arrest while an animal is in his or her custody, the Animal Care and Control Officer may impound each animal.
- (b) Any animal that has been impounded, which creates a serious imminent threat to the health or safety of any person or other animal, or which has been so seriously injured or diseased that reasonable veterinary measures are not expected to return the animal to full health, may be immediately and humanely destroyed by the Animal Care and Control Officer, subject to the specific restrictions of the Ohio Revised Code.
- (d) With respect to animals that have been impounded, the Animal Care and Control Officer shall proceed as follows:
  - (1) If the animal has been licensed or registered and can be so identified, or if the owner, keeper or harborer of the animal is otherwise known by the Animal Care and Control Officer, the Animal Care and Control Officer shall attempt to contact the owner via telephone call, if possible. If such an attempt is unsuccessful, the Animal Care and Control Officer shall give written notice, by certified mail or in person, to such owner, keeper or harborer, of his or her right to claim and redeem the animal. Dogs and cats shall be kept for fourteen days from the date of notice.
  - (2) The Animal Care and Control Officer shall establish a bulletin board at a location upon City property that is available to public inspection during business hours and shall notify the Clerk of Council of its location. If the owner, keeper or harborer of an impounded dog or cat is not known to the Animal Care and Control Officer, he or she shall post a notice at the designated site, describing the animal and the date, time and place where the animal was seized and advising the unknown owner of the dog or cat for three days.
  - (3) Any dog or cat, the owner, keeper or harborer which is not known to the Animal Care and Control Officer will be kept for three days (three working days), exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, from the date of impoundment.
  - (4) When an animal is impounded, it shall be provided with proper and sufficient water and food.
- (f) Animals which have not been claimed and redeemed within the time periods established in subsection (e) hereof may be offered for adoption to any interested person who agrees to enter into an adoption agreement on a first come-first serve basis. A person who enters into an adoption agreement may also be subject to forfeiture of the animal for any violation of the agreement or any violations of this chapter.
- (g) In order to claim and redeem any impounded animal, the owner, keeper or harborer thereof shall submit to the Animal Care and Control Officer proof of ownership. Further, as a condition of release, the owner, keeper or harborer shall obtain a valid license, if applicable, and pay all fees appurtenant thereto. Finally, as a condition of release, the owner, keeper or harborer shall pay all fees and costs accrued in connection with the impoundment.
- (h) The following fees and costs shall accrue incident to impoundment of animals:

For seizing and impounding an animal \$15.00

For housing and feeding, per day \$10.00

For certified mail service of notice Actual Cost

(i) Fees and costs associated with impoundment shall double with repeat impoundment for violations of this Chapter, not to exceed \$200.

## 505.24 Debarking or Surgically Silencing a Dog Prohibited

- (a) Debarking or surgically silencing a dog is prohibited.
- (b) Violation of this section is a misdemeanor of the third degree. If the offender has been previously convicted of violating this section, any subsequent violation is a misdemeanor of the second degree.

#### 505.25 Sale of Live Animals, Fish, Fowl or Birds; Permit

- (a) No person shall keep, sell, give away, barter or otherwise dispose of any live animals, fish, fowl or birds in any business establishment or in connection with any commercial business enterprise in the City, other than in connection with a regularly established pet or animal shop or veterinarian hospital, unless a permit shall have been first obtained without cost from the Director of Public Safety, which permit shall be issued if all sanitary regulations, ordinances and laws have been complied with.
- (b) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

## 505.26 Sale or Transfer of an Animal to Research or Educational Facilities

- (a) It is unlawful for any person to receive with intent to sell or transfer, or sell or transfer directly or through a third party, an animal to a research or educational facility in this Municipality.
- (b) A violation of subsection (a) is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.
  - (c) Each act in violation of subsection (a) shall constitute a separate offense.

#### 505.27 Sexual Assault of an Animal

- (a) A person commits the crime of sexual assault of an animal if the person:
  - (1) Touches or contacts, or causes an object or another person to touch or contact, the mouth, anus or sex organs of an animal for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of a person or;
  - (2) Causes an animal to touch or contact, the mouth, anus or sex organs of an animal for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of a person.
- (b) Sexual Assault of an Animal is a misdemeanor of the first degree.
  - (c) Each act in violation of subjection (a) shall constitute a separate offense.

# 505.28 Slaughtering or Burying Animals Prohibited in Residential Districts; Destruction of Animals; Dead Animals

As used in this section:

"Animal" shall mean any member of any species of the animal kingdom.

"Animal sacrifice" shall mean the intentional killing or maiming of any animal in a ritual, which killing or maiming is committed not in accordance with State and federal humane slaughter laws and which is not primarily for consumption as food.

"Ritual slaughter" shall mean the preparation and killing of any animal for consumption as food in compliance with the State Kosher Food Law, or any other applicable kosher slaughter statute.

- "Slaughter" shall mean the killing of any animal by any person, group, firm or corporation for consumption as food in accordance with State and federal humane slaughter laws.
  - (a) It shall be unlawful for any person, group, firm or corporation to engage in animal sacrifice.
  - (b) It shall be unlawful for any person, group, firm or corporation to knowingly sell, give, transfer, or offer to sell, give, transfer or otherwise provide any animal to another person for sacrifice.
  - (c) Nothing in this Article shall be construed to prohibit any person, firm or corporation from lawfully operating under the laws of this State and engaging in the slaughter or ritual slaughter of livestock animals.
  - (d) No person shall slaughter any animal, for any purpose whatsoever in an residential district, except for pet cemeteries.
  - (e) No person shall bury or pulverize any animal carcass, flesh, viscera, offal or any portion of any animal, with the exception of commercial fertilizer and animals under two (2) pounds, in any residential district.
  - (f) Whoever violates section (a) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.
  - (g) No person shall permit any dead domestic animal to remain undisposed of which he or she is in charge or in control. A person may contact the Animal Care and Control Officer who will dispose of the animal.
  - (h) Whoever violates sections (b) or (c) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.
  - (i) No person other than a duly authorized agent of the animal control shelter may destroy any domestic animal within the city limits; provided, however, this provision shall not apply to the following:
    - (a) A veterinarian or other authorized agent who is acting in an official capacity and abiding by the "Euthanasia Procedure" or
    - (b) Those persons who show they were acting in immediate self-protection or in defense of others.
  - (j) Whoever violates section (i) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.

## 505.29 Dangerous and Vicious Dogs

- (a) As used in this section:
  - (1) A. "Dangerous dog" means a dog that, without provocation, and subject to subsection (a)(1)B. hereof, has chased or approached in either a menacing fashion or an apparent attitude of attack, or has attempted to bite or otherwise endanger any person, while that dog is off the premises of its owner, keeper or harborer or some other responsible person, or not physically restrained or confined in a locked pen which has a top, locked fence yard other locked enclosure which has a top.

- B. "Dangerous dog" does not include a police dog that has chased or approached in either a menacing fashion or an apparent attitude of attack, or has attempted to bite or otherwise endanger any person while the police dog is being used to assist one or more law enforcement officers in the performance of their official duties.
- (2) "Menacing fashion" means a dog that would cause any person being chased or approached to reasonably believe that the dog will cause physical injury to that person.
- (3) "Police dog" means a dog that has been trained, and may be used, to assist one or more law enforcement officers in the performance of their official duties.
- (4) A. "Vicious dog" means a dog that, without provocation and subject to subsection (a)(4)B. hereof, meets any of the following:
  - 1. Has killed or caused serious injury to any persons;
    - Has caused injury, other than killing or serious injury to any

person, or has killed another dog;

- 3. Is a pit bull terrier, the ownership, keeping or harboring of such dog shall be primafacie evidence of the ownership, keeping or harboring of a vicious dog.
- B. "Vicious dog" does not include either of the following:
  - 1. A police dog that has killed or caused serious injury to any person or that has caused injury, other than killing or serious injury, to any person while the police dog is being used to assist one or more law enforcement officers in the performance of their official
  - 2. A dog that has killed or caused serious injury to any person while a person was committing or attempting to commit a trespass or other criminal offense on the property of the owner, keeper or harborer of the dog.
- C. "Pit bull terrier" as used herein includes, but is not limited to, any

American Pit Bull Terrier, any Bull Terrier, any Staffordshire Bull Terrier American Staffordshire Terrier breed of dog, or any mixed breed of dog

or

which contains as an element of its breeding the breed of American Pit

Bull Terrier, Bull Terrier, Staffordshire Bull Terrier or American Terrier as to be identifiable as partially of the breed of

Staffordshire American Pit Bull Terrier,

Bull Terrier, Staffordshire Bull Terrier or

American Staffordshire Terrier.

- 5. "Without provocation" means that a dog was not teased, tormented or abused by a person, or that the dog was not coming to the aid or the defense of a person who was not engaged in illegal criminal activity and who was not using the dog as a means of carrying out such activity. (b) Except when a dangerous or vicious dog is lawfully engaged in hunting or training for the purpose of hunting and is accompanied by the owner, keeper, or handler of the dog, no owner, keeper, or harborer of a dangerous or vicious dog shall fail to do either of the following:
  - 1. While that dog is on the premises of the owner, keeper, or harborer, securely confine it at all times in a building, in a locked pen that has a top, locked fenced yard or other locked enclosure that has a top, except that a dangerous dog may, in the alternative, be tied with a leash or a tether so that the dog is adequately restrained;
  - 2. While that dog is off the premises of the owner, keeper or harborer, keep that dog on a chain-link leash or tether that is not more than six feet in length and additionally do at least one of the following:
    - A. Keep that dog in a locked pen that has a top, locked fence yard or other locked enclosure that has a top;
    - B. Have the leash or tether controlled by a person who is of suitable age and discretion or securely attach, tie or affix the leash or tether to the ground or stationary object or fixture so that the dog is adequately restrained and station such a person in close enough proximity to that dog so as to prevent it from causing injury to any person;
    - C. Muzzle that dog.
- (c) No owner, keeper or harborer of a vicious dog shall fail to obtain liability insurance with an insurer authorized to write liability insurance in this State providing coverage in each occurrence, subject to a limit, exclusive of interest and costs, of not less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) because of damage or bodily injury to or death of a person caused by the vicious dog.

- (d) If a violation of subsection (b) hereof involves a dangerous dog, whoever violates that subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on a first offense and of a misdemeanor of the third degree on each subsequent offense. Additionally, the court may order the offender to personally supervise the dangerous dog that the offender owns, keeps, or harbors, to cause that dog to complete dog obedience training, or to do both, and the court may, in the alternative, may order the dangerous dog to be humanely destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the Animal Care and Control Officer or the humane society.
- (e) If a violation of subsection (b) hereof involves a vicious dog, whoever violates that subsection is guilty of one of the following:
  - 1. A misdemeanor of the first degree on a first offense. Additionally, the court may order the vicious dog to be humanely destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the Dog Warden, or the humane agency.
  - 2. A misdemeanor of the first degree if the dog causes injury other than killing or serious injury, to any person.
- (f) Whoever violates subsection (c) hereof is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. (Ohio Revised Code Section 955.22)

## 505.30 Teasing or Striking Dogs Used by Police Department

- (a) No person shall maliciously or willfully tease or strike dogs used by the Police Department.
- (b) A person commits the offense of teasing or striking dogs used by the Police Department if he willfully and maliciously taunts, torments, teases, beats or strikes any dog used by the Police Department, in the performance of the functions or duties of such Department, or interferes with or meddles with any such dog used by such Department or any member thereof in the performance of the functions or duties of such Department or of such officer or member.
- (c) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

## 505.31 Injuring or Killing Dogs Used By Police Department

- (a) No person shall maliciously or willfully without the consent of the owner injure or kill dogs used by the Police Department.
- (b) A person commits the offense of injuring or killing a dog used by the Police Department if he willfully or maliciously tortures, mutilates, injures, or kills any dog used by the Police Department in the performance of the functions or duties of such Department.
  - (c) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.

# 505.32 Coloring Rabbits or Baby Poultry; Sale or Display of Poultry

- (a) No person shall dye or otherwise color any rabbit or baby poultry, including but not limited to, chicks and ducklings. No person shall sell, offer for sale, expose for sale, raffle or give away any rabbit or poultry which has been dyed or otherwise colored. No poultry younger than four weeks of age may be sold, given away or otherwise distributed to any person in lots of less than six. Stores, shops, vendors and other offering young poultry for sale or other distribution shall provide and operate brooders or other heating devices that may be necessary to maintain poultry in good health, and shall keep adequate food and water available to the poultry at all times.
- (b) Whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

## **505.99** Penalty

See section 505.99 for penalties applicable to any misdemeanor classification."

**SECTION 2.** That this Ordinance is hereby declared to be an emergency measure as it pertains to the daily operation of municipal departments, and provided it receives the affirmative vote of two-thirds (2/3) of all members elected to Council, it shall take effect and be in force immediately upon its passage and approval by the Mayor, otherwise, it shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest allowed by law.

ADOPTED: 04/11/05	
ATTESTED:	APPROVED:
CLERK OF COUNCIL	MAYOR

Filed with the Mayor: 04/12/05

First Reading: 12/13/04 Second Reading: 12/27/04

Tabled: 01/10/05

Third Reading: 04/11/05

Animal Ordinances Revision as of 4/11/05 passed at 4/11/05 Council Mtg.